

CONSTITUTION, FLYING AND SAFETY REGULATIONS

2007 (Issue 2 Amendment 4)

NEWBURY AND DISTRICT MODEL AIRCRAFT SOCIETY

Affiliated to the British Model Flying Association

YOUR COMMITTEE FOR 2008

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NEWBURY & DISTRICT MODEL AIRCRAFT SOCIETY
SAFETY AND CONSTITUTIONAL RULES

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NEWBURY & DISTRICT MODEL AIRCRAFT SOCIETY
SAFETY RULES

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Flying and Safety Rules

Introduction

The following rules are established to minimise the risks involved in flying model aircraft. They do not however constitute an exhaustive definition of safe operating practice and nothing in them should be read as detracting from the ultimate responsibility of each individual pilot for the safe operation of his aircraft.

Notwithstanding the provisions of rule (11) every member is a safety officer in their own right. If you witness a transgression then do something about it and politely inform the transgressor of their error. In many cases, it is simply lack of knowledge or the sort of oversight of which we are all guilty occasionally. In cases of persistent or serious infraction, inform the committee.

The B.M.F.A Safety Code is deemed to form part of these rules.

1.1 Transmitter and Frequency Control

1.1.1 Frequency control will be affected by means of a pegboard. No transmitter may ever be switched on at a club site unless the operator is in possession of the appropriate channel peg. To guard against inadvertent violation of this rule all transmitters must, on being unloaded from member's car, be placed in the designated area (transmitter pound) adjacent to the pegboard and remain there, when not actually in use, until departure. All transmitters must be fitted with a pennant or label displaying the number of the channel to which they are tuned. No member will retain the peg for more than 20 minutes without ensuring that another person does not require the frequency. All members should be aware that a separation between radio channels of only 10KHZ can only protect against mutual interference between adjacent channels so long as the signal received by ones own aircraft is as least as strong as any signal present on an adjacent channel. Since all model control transmitters radiate at the same power, received signal strength will vary only with range and therefore for safe control a transmitter radiating on an adjacent channel must be no nearer to one's model than is one's own transmitter.

Making all pilots stand close together in an area marked by a cone satisfies this condition. Accordingly, should it be necessary to operate a transmitter at full power (i.e. with aerial fully extended) from position remote from the cone area the operator should be in possession of the pegs for both adjacent frequencies as well as that for his own. Likewise, aeriels should not be fully extended until positioned adjacent to the cone. The cone should be placed in a position adjacent to the model release point approximately 4 metres to one side of the runway.

To take account of the need for Helicopter pilots to operate from a separate location during training a range of frequency bands have been set aside for Helicopter exclusive use from band 83 to 90. To prevent possible adjacent frequency interference frequency band 82 will remain unusable.

1.1.2 Radios incorporating a "Fail-safe" MUST be set up so that the throttle will be closed in the event of signal loss. Owners of Pulse Code Modulation (PCM) equipment should be aware that all PCM radios incorporate a Failsafe facility and that the default setting is usually "HOLD". I.e. unless otherwise programmed signal loss will cause all controls to "freeze" in the last commanded position. Operation in this mode is highly dangerous and is forbidden. Fail-safes must as a minimum be pre-set to close the throttle.

Members using PCM receivers may be asked at any time to demonstrate the correct operation of the Fail Safe mode by the Safety Officer or other member of the committee.

1.1.3 The safety officer maintains a register of radio channels used by individual members. This is a most valuable means of minimising congestion on particular channels and members are asked to consult with the safety officer when deciding which channel to use. If the safety officer suggests a change of channel please co-operate if at all possible.

1.1.4 If a member finds it necessary to change frequency at the field, extreme care should be exercised to ensure that the pennant is also changed, and the correct peg subsequently taken from the peg board prior to flying, generally following the procedure outlined below:

- a. Switch Off transmitter and replace current peg on Peg Board.
- b. Remove and store Pennant and crystal.
- c. Replace crystal with new channel
- d. CHECK crystal and replace pennant with correct channel Indication.
- e. If there is another member present, ask them to CHECK CAREFULLY that you have the matching crystal and pennant BEFORE obtaining the appropriate peg and switching on transmitter.

1.2 Lost / Missing Pegs

1.2.1 If any member arriving first at a flying site finds a peg missing from the board, they may go ahead and place the board in its usual location and continue with their flying activities, however, they should NOT under any circumstances attempt to replace the peg, but should at the earliest opportunity inform the Safety Officer or Other Committee Member.

1.2.2 If the first arriving member finds the missing peg is for their frequency, they may at their own risk continue to fly, but must take into consideration the risks associated with the possibility of another member arriving who operates on the same frequency.

1.2.3 If a member arrives at the flying site and finds their required peg missing, they should first assume that the frequency is in use, and place their transmitter in the pound. If it then becomes apparent that no other members have the peg, that member may proceed to fly providing they have checked and obtained agreement from ALL other members present.

1.2.4 Should there be any doubt whatsoever regarding the status or whereabouts of a peg, the Safety Officer or Other committee member if present may at their discretion quarantine that frequency until such time as the Safety Officer or Committee are satisfied that the situation has been resolved.

1.2.5 In the event of a member accidentally removing a peg from a flying site, they should as soon as practicably or reasonably possible:

a. Consider returning the peg to the site at the first possible opportunity, (not necessarily being the next flying session, for example if you have returned home with a peg on a Saturday you should consider returning it on Sunday).

b. Notify the Safety Officer or other committee member of the error, and inform them of your intended actions, (i.e. You will be at the next flying session and will return the peg).

1.2.6 If you have inadvertently removed a peg from the flying site then it is **YOUR** responsibility to ensure it's safe and timely return. To this end you should note the following:

a. If you are intending to return to the flying field at the next available session, DO NOT just turn up and start flying. Check with and obtain agreement from ALL other members who may already be at the site, that the frequency is not in use, BEFORE switching on your transmitter.

b. If on your arrival you find the frequency to be in use by another member, pass the peg to that member, (if they are flying or preparing to fly), and wait until that member has finished their flight and placed their transmitter back in the pound and the peg back on the board.

c. You may be instructed by the safety officer to destroy the peg, please ensure you do so. The Safety Officer will then make arrangements to ensure a replacement peg is provided and placed on the peg board in a safe manner

2. Engine Starting and Running

Adequate clearance from other persons and models must be ensured before start-up, which should take place with the throttle at, or near, idle. Full throttle starting is quite unnecessary and can be dangerous. Once started, move clear of the plane of rotation of the propeller and make any adjustments from behind. Engine RPM must be limited to a fast idle within the pit area. Full power checks and prolonged ground running must take place well clear of the pit area. No aircraft may fly if its maximum sound level exceeds the maximum value allowed at a particular site. Should any member of the committee consider that any aircraft exceeds the maximum permissible noise level then that aircraft will be grounded until a noise test can be made (See Appendix). Noise tests will be conducted in accordance with the methods set out in BMFA Handbook, and their results recorded in a dedicated logbook.

3. Ground Movement of Aircraft

Aircraft will normally be carried to and from pit area. Where the size and weight of the model makes this impractical, taxiing is permitted provided that the model is kept under physical restraint (e.g. by a hand on the fin) whenever it is within or near the pit area. The air taxiing of helicopters within or near the pit area is forbidden.

4. Takeoff

Neither pilots nor their models shall enter the takeoff and landing area (hereinafter referred to as the runway) until they have checked and obtained positive clearance from other pilots that it is safe to do so, by requesting "Clear to Take Off". Aircraft landing have priority over aircraft waiting to takeoff. When lined up a thorough visual check all round must be made before 'brake release'. Once their models are safely airborne pilots must take up a position adjacent to the cone.

5. General Flying

All general flying will be carried out on the 'active' side of the runway. Flying on the 'dead' side is prohibited. Low passes at high speed are forbidden along the line of the runway. 'Touch and Go's executed from a normal landing approach are permissible. (See Appendix for further rules relating to particular sites).

6. Landing

Landings should be made on or near the runway and the aircraft taxied clear as soon as possible. If the model cannot be taxied then the person retrieving the model is responsible for informing other pilots that he is picking up and for avoiding models landing and taking off. Pilots must call 'Landing' when on the downwind leg of the landing circuits. Before any aircraft can be retrieved from the runway the pilot must obtain clearance from other pilots to maintain a high level of safety. Whenever in the course of model retrieval a switched on transmitter is taken outside the normal landing area, the aerial must be retracted.

7. Helicopter Flying

All members flying helicopters must observe the BMFA code for these aircraft. This includes a requirement for rigorous testing and frequent checking of all parts of the aircraft. Members should pay particular attention to rotorblade condition, and are specifically referred to the BMFA rules regarding the "Running up of Helicopters", and "Helicopter Rotorblade Safety", additionally you are advised to obtain a copy of "A Guide to Safe Helicopter Flying", available free on request from the BMFA.

Helicopter flying involving protracted hovering and slow, close in, horizontal movement shall be confined to a designated area. Where such flying takes place for training purposes the helicopter concerned is excluded from the count of models simultaneously airborne. Helicopter pilots may use the fixed wing flying area provided that they are fully prepared and competent to conform to the fixed wing flight pattern, particularly in respect of the takeoff and landing flight and circuit patterns.

8. In Flight Emergencies

Any pilot experiencing an in flight failure of engine, airframe or radio control system shall make every effort to affect an immediate safe landing. A loud call indicating the nature of the emergency (e.g. 'Dead Stick' or 'Radio Failure') shall be made. Other pilots must, as far as possible, keep their aircraft clear of the circuit and approach path until the emergency is concluded.

9. Persons Entitled to Fly

The following categories of persons are allowed to fly radio models at club sites:

- (a) Current members whose approval as pilots dates from before 1st May 1984.
- (b) Members who have joined since 1st May 1984 and have passed the test for BMFA 'A' Certificate.
- (c) Any other member flying under the supervision of a club instructor authorised by the Training Coordinator.
- (d) Guest Pilots introduced in accordance with Rule 18.1.

The Training Coordinator will maintain a register of members in the first three categories above. Student members should ensure that their logbooks are completed prior to taking their 'A' test.

10. Entry to the Pilot Area

A pilot may be accompanied within the area adjacent to the cone by a maximum of one other person. Except with the consent of a member of the committee such persons must be members of the club. Young children, pets, and casual onlookers must not be taken or allowed to stray into this area.

11. Safety Officer

Responsibility for monitoring observance of these rules and dealing with cases of non-compliance rests with the safety officer. Members are asked to respect his decision and comply with his requests, or, in his absence, those of any other committee member. It is a responsibility of all members to remember 'Safe Flying is no Accident'.

12. Radio Equipment

Only commercially available radio equipment may be used. Any member wishing to use home built or other non-standard radio equipment must check with the safety officer before operating at club flying sites.

13 Public Flying Displays

Only members holding BMFA 'B' Certificates may give flying displays. Members wishing to take part in displays not organised by the club must obtain permission from the committee. Failure to do so may invalidate their insurance.

14. Car Parking

Cars may only be parked at club sites in areas designated for the purpose. (see Appendix).

15. Propellers

Propellers should always be checked for balance before use. The condition of the propeller should be checked before initial fitting and after every flight. Chipped or otherwise damaged propellers should be discarded. As a general rule the use of un-reinforced plastic propellers should be confined to Aircraft using two stroke engines of less than 0.25 cu in (4cc). Any other aircraft and all four strokes, irrespective of size, must be fitted with a wooden or reinforced plastic propeller. Metal propellers are totally forbidden. Members are reminded that the BMFA safety code recommends the use of rounded spinners or domed prop nuts, and that gliders and pusher powered aircraft also have rounded noses, i.e. no needle noses

16. Checks

A proper pre-flight check is a must. It should always include a check of 'controls full and free movement in the correct sense', performed while at full power. If there is the slightest doubt about the serviceability of the aircraft, shut down and investigate. Post flight checks are hardly less important, particularly after a hard landing or any abnormal behaviour of the aircraft. A thorough inspection of each model should always be carried out between flying sessions.

It is advisable that any new model be checked over by a member of the committee or other experienced club member. This advise is aimed at all R/C pilots, experienced and inexperienced.

At the end of each flying session a careful check should be made before leaving to ensure that nothing has been left behind and THAT ANY LITTER HAS BEEN REMOVED.

17. Congestion

Members are requested to consider others, and particularly when flying in the circuit, generally limit flight times to 10 to 15 minutes, however, Whenever the number of models simultaneously airborne in the circuit is at the maximum allowed for the particular site (see Appendix) and other members are waiting to fly, a maximum flight time of 10 minutes shall apply.

18. Non-Members

18.1 Visiting Pilots

Members may, on isolated occasions, introduce as guests R/C model fliers who are personally known to them and for whose competence they are prepared to vouch. Such guests may fly at a club site on condition that:

- (a) The agreement of the safety officer or, in his absence, that of another committee member, is obtained;
- (b) The guest has documentary proof of current insurance cover;
- (c) The sponsoring member takes full responsibility acquainting his guest with these rules and monitoring his or her observance of them. Members are asked to limit their exercise of this privilege to a maximum of three occasions per year, and should normally check with the secretary beforehand that the proposed visit is acceptable.

18.2 Non-Flying Visitors

Members are welcome to bring friends and relatives to the flying site but please keep small children under control and ensure that there is someone minding them while you fly. Adult guests must be well briefed to keep clear of the flying area and of running engines. Uninvited casual onlookers wandering into flying area are an extreme hazard. they should immediately be asked, politely, to clear the area by the first member to notice their presence.

19. CAA Exemptions

Present planning permission rules dictate that no model exceeding 12Kg can fly at the Stanmore flying site, however, CAA rules and BMFA guidelines shall apply and be followed at any time models larger than 7Kg are flown at Stanmore or Membury.

20. Interference

Following BMFA advice, members who believe they are or have experienced interference during flight should carry out the following:

1. Wrap the receiver in tin foil, it is believed that microwave interference can be avoided this way as the microwave signals directly effect the circuits and components within the receiver.
2. Re-arrange the Receiver Antenna location on the model, it has been proved in some cases that repeatable interference at consistent locations can be attributed to the relationship in position between the Transmitter and Receiver Antenna.
3. If interference persists, an interference reporting form from the United Kingdom Radio Control Council is available on request from the Club Safety Officer, or other committee members. This form should be completed for each occurrence, and passed back to the Safety Officer for forwarding to the BMFA.

21. Mobile Phones

Although mobile telephones operate on frequencies far removed from our model control frequency bands they are a major addition to the increasing background radio 'noise' that our equipment has to filter out.

In addition, there is increasing evidence that interaction can occur between mobile 'phones and microprocessor controlled and synthesised transmitters.

Therefore Members are reminded that, in line with latest BMFA recommendations, **Mobile Phones Must Not be carried in the Pits, and especially in the flying area, at any time.**

If you have a mobile phone with you, please leave it in your vehicle. If you are expecting a call, you can return to your vehicle at regular intervals, and if necessary make any calls from your vehicle.

NEWBURY & DISTRICT MODEL AIRCRAFT SOCIETY
CONSTITUTIONAL RULES

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1. TITLE

The name of the society shall be the ' The Newbury and District Model Aircraft Society' hereafter referred to as the Society. The Society will be affiliated to the S.M.A.E (Society of Model Aeronautical Engineers Ltd whose trading name is the British Model Flying Association, B.M.F.A).

2.OBJECTIVES.

- a) To further interest in all aspects of model aviation.
- b) To provide an adequate flying site for members use.
- c) To arrange third party insurance for members whilst flying model aircraft in accordance with the societies rules
- d) To provide members with information, advice and assistance on matters connected with the hobby.
- e) To promote competitions, discussions, meetings and social occasions.
- f) To afford members such benefits and privileges as it may be possible to arrange.

3. MEMBERSHIP

Membership shall be open to all ages and shall consist of Junior membership (under 18 years), full membership and associate membership which provide entitlement to all club activities, excluding model flying and voting rights. The committee may also appoint Honorary Members, being persons distinguished in their work in promoting the cause of model aviation in general or of the society in particular.

4. THE COMMITTEE

Management and control of the society shall be vested in the Committee. The Committee shall consist of a minimum of four members comprising Chairman/woman, Secretary, Treasurer and Membership Secretary.

The offices of Chief Flying Instructor and Safety Officer will be open to election at the AGM but subject to these positions not being filled the Committee, may co-opt members. The Committee shall have power to co-opt additional members, appoint sub-committees and prescribe the function of any such sun-committee.

Three members of the Committee shall form a quorum.

5. COMMITTEE MEETING

The Committee shall meet not less than 10 times in each year, whenever summoned by the Secretary, who may convene a meeting of his own accord or by direction of the Chairman/woman or by requisition signed by at least two Committee members.

It shall be the duty of the Secretary to attend in person or by deputy, all meetings of the Committee and to take minutes of the proceedings. Such minutes will be entered in a book and presented for confirmation at the following meeting.

6. ABSENCE FROM THE COMMITTEE

Any member of the Committee, who shall absent themselves from three consecutive Committee meetings without good or sufficient reason, will be understood to have resigned his position upon the Committee.

7. ELECTION OF OFFICERS

The Committee shall be elected at the Annual General Meeting and subject to the termination of office by registration or otherwise, shall remain in office for a period of one year.

At the end of that year all Committee Members shall retire from office but shall be eligible for re-election.

The Secretary must receive nominations of candidates for election to the Committee, not less than seven days before the AGM. Nominations to be publicised as they are received. Nominations must be made in writing and signed by the nominee, a proposer and seconder, all of who must be fully paid-up and duly elected members of the society.

Should there not be a nomination in accordance with the above, for a particular post, then, provided that a majority of members present are in favour, the Chairperson may accept nominations from the members present at the meeting.

8. ELECTION OF MEMBERS

Applications for membership of the Society shall be submitted in writing to the Secretary or Treasurer. The election of members shall be at the discretion of the Committee and until duly elected, applicants for membership will be considered as Provisional Members only, with no voting powers, although insurance cover will be automatic on receipt of fee.

9 ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTIONS.

The Annual Subscriptions will be set and reviewed annually by the Committee, as required for the effective running of the Society. A joining fee for all new members will also be required. All subscriptions fall due on 1st January each year and any member who has not renewed by 31st January will be removed from the Register of Members forthwith. Such persons will then be liable to re-election and the payment of a further joining fee, should they wish to re-join the Society at any time thereafter.

Payment of the annual subscription will be made to the Treasurer in the name of the Society.

The onus for payment of Annual Subscriptions within the time limits specified above will rest with the individual.

Joining after September 1st means a change in the joining arrangements. The full membership fee is paid, but the Society will only take a pro-rata proportion of the fee for the current years membership depending on the months remaining. The excess subscription is credited to the next year's membership.

"Junior Membership Rate" shall be applied to any member still in full time education, however, will be offered only to those members who continue from school to university, or those members currently at university or on a full time educational course on reaching the age of 18. BMFA rates will remain at the senior level.

10. RESIGNATION

Any member wishing to resign his or her membership shall do so in writing to the Secretary and upon the date of written acceptance, shall cease to have any claim on the property of the Club or to enjoy any of the privileges or benefits or membership. That person shall however remain liable for payment of any debts due to the Society.

11. USE OF THE SOCIETY'S NAME

ANY PERSON, FOR ANY TRADE, ADVERTISING OR BUSINESS PURPOSES OR IN CONNECTION WITH ANY LEGAL PROCEEDINGS, SHALL NOT USE THE NAME OF THE SOCIETY WITHOUT AUTHORITY OF THE COMMITTEE.

12 OBSERVANCE AND INTERPRETATION OF THE RULES

Every member shall abide by the Rules of the Society and also by any modification thereof, made in conformity with such rules. Failure to comply with the rules may result in suspension of membership or other disciplinary action.

13 SUSPENSION OR EXPULSION OF MEMBERS

It shall be the duty of the Committee to suspend or expel any member, should they find it in the interests of the Society or general flying safety so to do. If in the opinion of the committee the actions or behaviour of a member warrant consideration of expulsion or suspension of that member, the following BMFA recommended procedure shall be followed:

- a. The member shall be given a verbal warning by an authorised committee member in which the member is made aware of the misdemeanour and what action is reasonably required to make amends.
- b. If the member does not respond, a written warning shall be given by an authorised committee member to advise of the misdemeanour and what action is reasonably required to make amends.
- c. If the member still fails to respond, the Committee should invite him / her in writing to meet with them at a previously agreed date and time to discuss the situation, advising they are considering withdrawal of membership.
- d. If the member still fails to respond to reasoning or fails to attend without reasonable cause, the Committee can advise him / her in writing that the membership is withdrawn, stating the reasons why this decision was reached.
- e. Once a member has been advised of withdrawal of membership, he /she has the right to convene a general meeting as outlined in rule 15, at which an appeal may be presented.
- f. If the original decision to expel the member is duly upheld, then all or part of the annual subscription may be refunded at the discretion of the committee.

14. THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The AGM shall be held in the month of November each year, upon a date and at a time to be fixed by the committee and notified in writing to all members, not less than 14 days beforehand. The retiring Committee will conduct the business of the AGM.

The AGM shall:-

- a) Receive from the Treasurer a full statement of accounts, duly audited by person who is not a member of the Committee, showing receipts and expenditure for the fiscal year ending the 30th September.
- b) Receive from the Committee a report of the activities of the Society during the previous year.
- c) Elect a new Committee:
- d) Consider and vote upon any resolution duly submitted to the Secretary in accordance with rule 16:
- e) Any other business.

15. EXTRA ORDINARY GENERAL MEETINGS

Such meetings may be convened at any time by the direction of the Committee or by requisition to the Secretary, in writing, stating the business for which the meeting is required, and signed by not less than twelve Full Members. At least fourteen days notice of all general meetings shall be given but non-receipt of such notice shall not invalidate such proceedings. 30% of members shall form a quorum at General Meetings.

16. AGENDA

When a matter to be discussed at a General Meeting, the text of such matter, signed by at least two Full Members, shall be given to the Secretary at least twenty-one days before the date of such meeting so that it may be included in the Agenda. A copy of the Agenda shall be sent to each Member at least 7 days prior to that meeting but non-receipt of the Agenda shall not invalidate the proceedings.

17 RIGHT TO BE PRESENT AT GENERAL MEETINGS

No Person shall take part in a General Meeting unless he or she is a duly elected full or Junior Member of the Society.

18. VOTING

Every person with a right to be present may exercise one vote. The Chairperson shall not vote unless where a casting vote is required. At General Meetings, except as provided for in rule (19), a majority of votes shall decide a resolution.

19. ALTERATIONS TO CONSTITUTIONAL RULES

Alterations to constitutional rules may only be made by a General Meeting of the Society, providing that the resolution proposing such alteration is carried by two thirds of those present at such a meeting.

No alteration or amendment shall be made to the objectives rule (2) or the dissolution rule (20), which would cause the Society to cease to be a Charity at law.

20. DISSOLUTION

The Society shall be dissolved by an extraordinary General Meeting convened by the committee or on a requisition of a majority of members. If the resolution for dissolution were duly passed, the Committee shall forthwith liquidate the affairs of the Club.

Any assets remaining after satisfying any outstanding debts and liabilities shall be given to a registered Charitable Organisation.

21. CARE AND WELFARE OF CHILDREN AND JUNIOR MEMBERS

- **A junior member is defined as being under 18 years of age.**
- **A vulnerable adult is defined as a person of 18 years of age or over but through mental or physical attributes requires a higher level of supervision than would be normally commensurate with an adult member.**
- **A responsible adult is defined as a senior member or parent/guardian who has the clearance, experience, knowledge and training commensurate with the type and degree of supervision required.**

NADMAS takes the view that the care and welfare of Juniors and Vulnerable adults should be largely a matter of good common sense, however, we have to accept that through changes in society as a whole, this attitude on its own is clearly insufficient to protect the vulnerable and our membership.

NADMAS has always encouraged young people to join our club and enjoy the hobby, this can only happen now with the full co-operation of the parent / guardian and our club members. Society is changing and the requirement for the club to protect itself and our junior and vulnerable members is recognised by our adoption and implementation of the following policy and rules....

The club rules and Policy regarding Children and Vulnerable adults is reproduced in full as Appendix 3 of this rule book

APPENDIX 1: SOUTH STANMORE FARM FLYING SITE

1. South Stanmore Farm

Use of this site is subject to a conditional planning consent. The conditions governing the site use are as follows.

1.1 Hours of access:

Monday	10.00 - 18.00
Tuesday	No Flying
Wednesday	12.00 - 21.00
Thursday	No Flying
Friday	12.00 - 18.00
Saturday	10.00 - 18.00
Sunday	10.00 - 18.00 (<i>silent flight aircraft only</i>)

1.2 Airspace Restrictions

No flying shall take place west of a line parallel to the bridle way and 100 metres east of it. (See map).

1.3 Type of Aircraft.

Flying shall be confined to propeller driven aircraft (both fixed wing and rotary wing), helicopters and Gliders, not exceeding 12Kg AUW.

1.4 Noise.

A noise limit of 80db per model applies at this site. No more than 4 I.C.E powered models shall be airborne simultaneously. (Except as in rules (paragraph. 7) where helicopters carrying out close in hovering for the purposes of training are excluded from this count.)

1.5 Parking.

Cars must be parked in an area noted on the map.

The following rules are not conditions of the planning consent but form part of NADMAS flying and safety rules.

2. Access.

When using that part of the track that forms part of the bridle way members, must always give priority to Bridleway users, both horse riders and pedestrians. Please hold clear of the track if either are visible as you approach. If, despite this precaution, Bridleway traffic is encountered while in transit, pull in to the side and switch off engine until the traffic is entirely past and clear.

1.3 Circuit Direction (see map).

For the North South circuit, clockwise circuits shall be flown with a northerly wind direction, Counter-Clockwise for southerly winds.

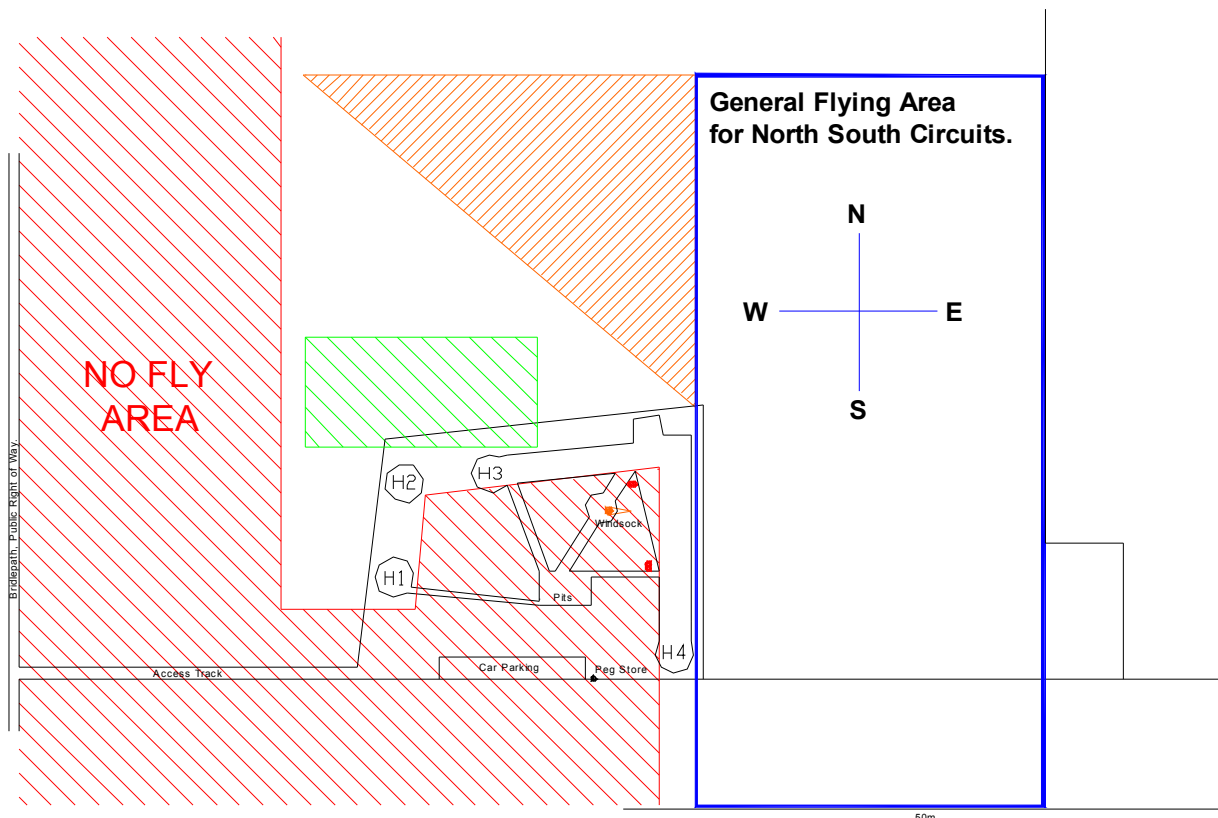
For the East West circuit, the direction shall be Clockwise for Westerly winds, and Counter-Clockwise for Easterly winds.

1.4 General Flying.

All circuit flying will be oriented as in the diagram. Every effort must be made to avoid flying nearer than 100 metres to the Bridleway. Aircraft must not be flown low (i.e.. below the horizontal) over the valley to the north. Flight south of the southern boundary is permitted to the extent necessary to accommodate reasonable landing approaches to the north bound runway and takeoffs to the south, (a boundary line at 50 metres has been indicated on the map as guidance), but extended excursions south of the boundary must be avoided. If, despite the above precautions, a request is ever received from horse riders that flying be temporarily stopped in order to facilitate their passage this must be immediately complied with.

The indicated no fly area (red hatched area on the Map) shall be complied with at all times without exception.

Stanmore - North - South Circuit Arrangements



General flying, (fixed and rotary wing) shall be confined to the general area indicated by the Blue box.

The Orange Hatched area is available to extend the fixed wing circuit only if traffic levels or weather conditions require, (i.e. avoiding novices carrying out circuit practice or during winter with a low sun to the south), and exercising extreme caution when the helicopter areas are in use.

During operation of the North – South circuit, helicopter hovering and training shall be limited to H2 and H3 only. Pilots using MUST NOT stand on the north (live) side of the East – West Strip, regardless of wind direction.

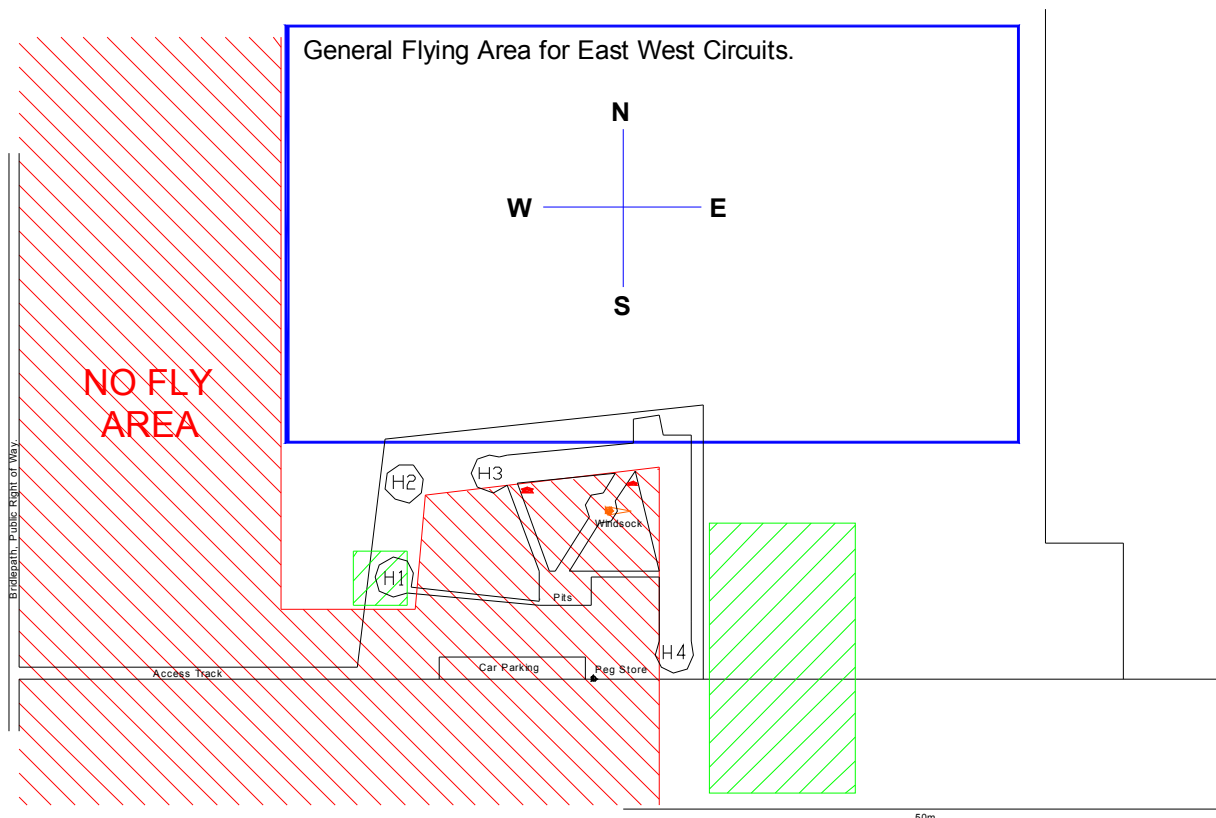
Helicopter pilots using H2 or H3 may also carry out VERY limited circuit and “Lazy 8” practice, as indicated by the Green Hatched area.

Helicopter pilots wishing to carry out normal circuit flying, shall do so in the general flying area, along with fixed wing traffic in the same pattern, and standing in the same pilot box as the fixed wing pilots.

The pilot boxes suitable for the North – South strip are marked as a red spot on the map. At the field they are visible as short grass strips cut adjacent to the runway.

At the start of each flying session, a red cone shall be placed in the appropriate box for the landing / take-off (prevailing wind) direction, and subsequently ALL pilots flying in the general North – South Circuit area shall stand by this cone.

Stanmore - East - West Circuit Arrangements



General flying, (fixed and rotary wing) shall be confined to the general area indicated by the Blue box.

During operation of the East – West Circuit, Helicopter hovering and training shall be confined to H1 and H4 only.

Helicopter pilots may also fly VERY limited circuit and “Lazy 8” practice from H4 only, as indicated by the green hatched area. H1 is STRICTLY for close in hovering practice only.

Pilots using H4 for close in hovering practice only MUST NOT stand on the East (live) side of the North – South Strip, regardless of wind direction.

Helicopter pilots wishing to carry out normal circuit flying, shall do so in the general flying area, along with fixed wing traffic in the same pattern, and standing in the same pilot box as the fixed wing pilots.

The pilot boxes suitable for the East - West strip are marked as a red spot on the map. At the field they are visible as short grass strips cut adjacent to the runway.

At the start of each flying session, a red cone shall be placed in the appropriate box for the landing / take-off (prevailing wind) direction, and subsequently ALL pilots flying in the general North – South Circuit area shall stand by this cone.

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APPENDIX – 3 Rule 21 – CARE AND WELFARE OF CHILDREN AND VULNERABLE ADULTS

- **A junior member is defined as being under 18 years of age.**
- **A vulnerable adult is defined as a person of 18 years of age or over but through mental or physical attributes requires a higher level of supervision than would be normally commensurate with an adult member.**
- **A responsible adult is defined as a senior member or parent/guardian who has the clearance, experience, knowledge and training commensurate with the type and degree of supervision required.**

NADMAS takes the view that the care and welfare of Juniors and Vulnerable adults should be largely a matter of good common sense, however, we have to accept that through changes in society as a whole, this attitude on its own is clearly insufficient to protect the vulnerable and our membership.

NADMAS has always encouraged young people to join our club and enjoy the hobby, this can only happen now with the full co-operation of the parent / guardian and our club members. Society is changing and the requirement for the club to protect itself and our junior and vulnerable members is recognised by our adoption and implementation of the following policy and rules.

- 21.1 When attending any NADMAS site or function, Junior members or vulnerable adults (as defined above) must be supervised at all times by a responsible adult. The level of supervision is to be commensurate with the member's age, maturity, capabilities and levels of experience.
- 21.2 Where the member is 16 or younger or considered to be a vulnerable adult, this supervision is deemed by NADMAS to be the responsibility of the legal parent or guardian.
- 21.3 Written authority of Consent will be required in order that the junior or vulnerable adult can receive instruction from any authorised club flying instructor or examiner.
- 21.4 Regrettably a parent or guardian will not be able to bring a junior member to site and leave them on an ad hoc basis.
- 21.5 No senior member is to be expected to assume responsibility for a junior or a vulnerable adult unless he/she has been specifically requested to do so by the parent, guardian or carer. If required to do so, he/she is to assume complete and total responsibility for the child or vulnerable adult whilst he/she is in their charge.
- 21.6 A club welfare officer will be appointed to the committee to ensure awareness and help everyone comply with these rules and guidelines
- 21.7 All members, parents, guardians and carers are to comply with club policies and guidelines for the promotion of welfare and care of children..
- 21.8 Should any member, parent, guardian, carer or person themselves have concerns about the welfare of any junior member or vulnerable adult, then he / she is to contact the welfare officer or other committee member
- 21.9 Parents, Guardians and Carers should note that whilst not making it a mandatory requirement at this time, NADMAS will actively encourage any member who may find themselves working with juniors or vulnerable adults, (i.e. Committee members, Instructors and examiners), to submit themselves for checking under the CRB clearance scheme administered by the BMFA. The Club Welfare Officer shall keep a register of those members who have obtained CRB clearance.
- 21.10 Should any member, parent, guardian, carer or person themselves have concerns that a situation may be arising which is outside the scope of these rules and guidelines, then the concerns should be raised with the Welfare Officer or other committee member at the earliest possible opportunity, and in the interim, reference may be made to the BMFA policy document, (available from the committee or the BMFA website), for further guidance.

Whilst this Club has a moral and statutory duty to take all reasonable steps to ensure the general welfare and protection of children and vulnerable adult members, in particular during the actual act of model aircraft flying and associated pre-flight and post-flight procedures, the Club will not undertake the all encompassing responsibilities of those acting in the role of guardians or carers unless specifically arranged.

HISTORY

DATE	AMENDMENT	AUTHOR
07/01/2000	New Issue, Combined Safety & Constitution	RJW
02/03/2000	Minor Changes	RJW
04/05/2002	Document checked and amended for publication on the internet. Note added to indicate rule revision in progress for Membury.	RJW
15/12/2002	Initial amendments by Rules revision Sub-Committee	RJW
11/02/2003	Up Issued to Issue 2, following completion of amendments by Rules Sub-Committee, and the inclusion of new site maps.	RJW / PL
19/02/2003	Minor corrections and Ratified by full committee meeting for issue.	PL

Annual Minor Change and Update Record			
Date	Details	Pages Affected	Author
19/11/2003	Rule changes at AGM 2003, Planning Changes to Stanmore Rules 2003, Front cover new committee, addition of this table.	1,3,7,8,9,10,13,14,15,20	PL
25/11/2004	Safety and Constitutional Rule changes as ratified at AGM 2004	1, 3, 9, 10 ,12, 14 ,20	PL
01/2006	New Committee, changes to Membury arrangements, removal of Membury Layout.	1,14, 18,19	PL
01/2007	New Committee, amendments to Rule 21, minor changes to Membury information.	1, 2, 14, 18, 19,	PL
To keep administration to a minimum, this rule book will not be re-issued in full unless major changes require it. Minor changes as required due to changes in BMFA rules or planning consents shall be accommodated by the issue of affected pages only, which shall be recorded in this table. The footer in affected pages shall reflect the date of the changes as indicated in this table, and copies generally distributed to members with the annual membership renewals.			

Note that amendments are indicated within the text of the document by a black line on the Right hand margin adjacent to the new or modified text.